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Hongkong, 14th June, 1881

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Hongkong, 21st November, 1889.	(763)	FULLERT, Kobe.

Hongkong, 21st November, 1889. [1446]

Hongkong, 23rd November 1959

Hong Kong, 23rd November, 1989.

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Guaranteed to contain the largest percentage of Pure Glycerine it is possible to introduce into any Soap. Specially recommended to all who have a very delicate Skin easily affected by wind and weather.

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A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED, THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 2nd September, 1889.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1889.

CONCESSIONS of territory to public-spirited enterprise have been all the rage in the Far East during the past few years. In the Straits Settlements, in Tonquin, Siam, Burma, the Dutch Possessions, British North Borneo, extensive tracts of territory have been conceded to energetic prospectors, with the result that what were previously waste lands, jungle and forest, tenanted only by a few miserable savages and hordes of wild animals, are rapidly being placed under cultivation, while mining industries on a large scale, under European supervision and supported by foreign capital, are being actively carried on, finding lucrative employment for the natives, and developing the natural resources of countries hitherto unknown as

factors in the march of progress. With what importance this new departure is regarded in political circles in Europe has lately been very powerfully indicated by the action of the Spanish Government, probably the most autocratic and exclusive in the world, in the most liberal policy it has adopted in conceding a large portion of the island of Paragua, better known to English readers as Palawan, in the Philippines, for the formation of a new colony to utilise its immense forests of timber, to place its fertile soil under cultivation, and to prospect for and work its mineral deposits.

Palawan has an area of about four hundred square miles, and runs almost in a direct line north and south in the China Sea, with the Sea of Mindoro to the eastward. It is distant from the north coast of British North Borneo about two hundred and fifty miles, so that it is almost in the direct track of steamers running from Singapore to Manila, and from Australia to and from Hongkong. The concession of this valuable territory was granted in August, 1888, by the Queen Regent of Spain to Don FELIPE CANGA ARGUELLES Y VILLALBA, who had for three and a half years been Governor of the island, and is therefore the person most qualified to speak as its resources and prospects. The terms of the grant are singularly liberal, and would appear to indicate that the Spanish Government has awakened to the necessity of inaugurating an entirely new policy in the management of their wealthy and important colonial possessions. The full text of the official concession appears in a Spanish contemporary, of which the following is a translation:—

MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

To the Governor-General of the Philippines there is delivered under this date the following Royal Order:

Under date of the thirty-first of March of the present year, Don Felipe Cana Arguelles Villalba, applied to this Ministry, praying for permission to establish a colony in the island of Paragua, and on State lands, subject to certain conditions which the interested party proposed. The circumstance that Señor Cana Arguelles had held the office of commandant of that island, he having occupied himself officially and privately in the colonisation thereof, has inclined this Department to bestow preferential attention on the petition presented. The wishes of the Government have been complied with in favour of the colonisation in general of the provinces beyond the seas, but also specially of that of the island of Paragua, which had already been the subject of extended studies on the part of the Administration. All these reasons have been taken into account with a view to granting the greatest number possible of facilities and exemptions, and in the same sense the Cabinet for Foreign Affairs has also taken cognizance thereof, taking as a basis the dictum given by that of the Philippines on the fourteenth of December, One Thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, in respect to the colonisation of the island of Paragua.

And lastly the Cabinet of this Ministry has received abundance of the same opinion from the Cabinet for Foreign Affairs, saving some small modification in details.

In virtue of the foregoing, H.M. the King (whom God preserve), and in his name the Queen Regent of the Kingdom, has been pleased to decree:

Article No. 1.—On the petition of Don Felipe Cana Arguelles y Villalba there are assigned to him agricultural, mining, and forest working, saving any better right acquired by others, the land of the island of Paragua, comprised in a quadrilateral, the perimeter of which is formed by a straight line joining Punta Aspera on the West Coast to the Coast north of the Port of Binuanan, to the south of Port Princesa, by another straight line, determined by the parallel of nine degrees thirty minutes and by the East and West Coasts comprised between the two first lines. This concession is made with the following immunities for twenty years, reckoning from the day on which the works are commenced for opening up the ground, which works must commence before the expiration of two years from the date of this decree.

First.—Exemption from all taxes or imposts on property, cultivation, cattle, agricultural implements, machinery and material for building vessels.

Second.—Exemption from all taxes on the industries which he may carry on, from all import duties on all tools, machinery, and materials which he may require for the purposes of his industry and the construction of buildings within the colony, as well from export duties on the products derived from his working.

Third.—Immunity for the equipping of a steamer in connection with these industries as well as of the vessel of any class which are intended for civil or hydraulic works. If the vessels or the steamer are applied to any other purpose except that of attending to the necessities of the colonies, the concessionaire shall be obliged to pay the corresponding duties for putting ships into service.

Fourth.—Exemption from the payment of certificates of identity for all Europeans who may be giving their services permanently within the zone bounded by the workings.

Fifth.—Exemption of the sons of the colonists from military service, in case that on being called to the ranks they are and have been employed in the working for two years previous.

Sixth.—Free licence for carrying arms, both firearms and swords, for all Europeans and Philippine overseers. These licences shall be granted by the Governor-General on notice being given by the Governor of Paragua, and the former superior authority shall have power to limit or suspend the concessions if circumstances require it.

Article No. 2.—In default of a sufficient number of Philippine colonists, who men from any other region may be employed, and both the one and the others shall, in the matters affecting each, enjoy the following advantages:—

First.—The families which may have immigrated into Paragua with the benefits of Articles 1 and 2 of the Decree of the General Government of the Philippines, dated the fourteenth of April, One thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, shall be allowed to dedicate themselves to the works of the colony of Señor Cana Arguelles, without losing any of the benefits acquired, but rather the time for exemption from taxes and imposts shall be increased to twenty years.

Second.—The Philippine natives who, not being in the enjoyment of the advantages of said Decree, shall dedicate themselves to the works in question, shall be released from any arrears that they may be indebted towards the Treasury, they shall be declared exempt from the

payment of taxes and imposts for twenty years, and they may be transported gratis to Paragua in the war ships which take that course, unless the Admiralty authorities in any particular case consider it inconvenient to employ the ship for that purpose. If those persons who have been released from their arrears to the Treasury give up residing at Paragua before having dwelt there four years they shall be liable to payment of such arrears.

Third.—Colonists of other nationalities shall enjoy exemption from all personal taxes or imposts during the aforesaid twenty years.

Article No. 3.—If the Concessionaire contract loans with Banks or Loan Companies, either native or foreign, said Bank or Companies, as a guarantee for their interests, shall have the right of participating in the management of workings with the advantages and engagements set forth in these conditions and subjecting themselves in this respect to the Spanish laws.

Article No. 4.—The Concessionaire shall be bound by the following obligations, which are laid down in order to guarantee the proper conduct of the service and activity in the workings:

First.—He cannot make any opposition to there being established in the island and running across the zone of his workings the communications necessary for the public service, without its being necessary to have recourse to expropriation for this purpose.

Second.—He will bind himself to present, within two years from having commenced the opening up of the land, two hundred hectares in working; at the end of the fifth year, a thousand hectares; at the tenth year, three thousand; and the remainder at the expiration of the term of twenty years.

Third.—He shall lose his right to that part of the land which is not in working, if at the end of any of the said terms, two, five, ten, and twenty years, he shall not have complied with any of the obligations of the preceding paragraph.

Fourth.—When the term of twenty years is completed, and all his engagements fulfilled, the Concessionaire shall enter fully into legal ownership of the lands which are adjudicated to him, and all the immunities and advantages of Articles 1 and 2 shall cease.

Article No. 5.—The Concessionaire is bound to keep a store of medicines of frequent use, and to have in the colony a person who has the previous reputation of possessing some knowledge of the art of curing.

Of the Royal Decree communicated by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, this extract is furnished to you for your guidance and for the needful effects.

Madrid, Twentieth of August, One thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

Under-Secretary, F. RODRIGUEZ.

To Don Felipe Cana Arguelles.

The island of Palawan is stated to be rich in gold, copper, cinnamon and iron, and it is believed that coal exists in considerable quantities. Valuable timbers abound, including teak, malaya, ebony, pine, cedar, and the other descriptions of woods which are found in other parts of the Philippines, Borneo, etc. The soil of the island is said to be well adapted for the cultivation of rice, coffee, tea, cocoa, sugar-cane, tobacco, indigo, taploca, abaca (Manilla hemp), maize, and spices, some of which are being cultivated at the present time in various portions of the territory. It appears that it is intended to form a syndicate to supply the necessary funds for thoroughly prospecting the concession, and afterwards public companies will doubtless be formed for its working. We believe that at present those immediately interested are actively at work with funds privately subscribed, and that the most satisfactory results are confidently anticipated.

In the event of this latest venture proving successful its effects on the trade of this colony will prove of the highest importance. Whether Palawan will turn out a dangerous rival to British North Borneo remains to be seen, but under any circumstances a prosperous settlement in the Sooloo Sea cannot fail to prove of material advantage to Hongkong, and on that account we shall watch the future of this new project with the greatest interest.

TELEGRAMS.

FRANCE ECONOMISES.

PARIS, November 19th.

The Ministry have issued an official notification to Parliament that the future policy will include schemes for reform and economy in financial matters. The declaration has been very warmly received.

THE CONSTITUTION.

November 20th.

Capt. Mauryan has presented a Bill with the object of altering the Constitution and demanding its immediate consideration. The demand was unsuccessful.

THE LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

November 21st.

M. Reinach has introduced a Bill into the Chamber of Deputies by which the law of July 1881 affecting the liberty of the Press will be modified.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

There will be no concert at the Sailors' Home to-morrow (Tuesday) evening.

Dr. Doberck reports to-day that "there is a typhoon south-east of Bolineo." This typhoon business is getting overdone.

The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Atchilla*, from Liverpool, left Singapore to-day for this port, and is due on the 8th inst.

We are informed by the agents (Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co.) that the steamship *Zambesi* left Haiphong for this port yesterday.

The returns of the number of visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending Dec. 1st, are:—Europeans 217, Chinese 1,953, total, 2,170.

A REGULAR meeting of Zealand Lodge, No. 325, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co., agents for the Canadian-Pacific Line, inform us that the steamship *Batavia* left Vancouver for Japan and Hongkong on Friday afternoon, the 29th ult. The *Parilla* arrived at Yokohama yesterday, and left to-day for this port via Kobe.

We understand that Mr. Sangster intends shortly to give two or three Organ Recitals, with some vocal music if voices are obtainable.

We are informed by the agent of the Messageries Maritimes that the Company's steamer *Saghalien*, with the next French mail, left Saigon yesterday at 7 p.m. for this port.

Messrs. Butterfield & Swire inform us that the Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer *Glaucus*, from Liverpool, left Singapore for this port on the 28th ult., and is due on the 4th inst.

An Emergency meeting of St. John Lodge, No. 618, S.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zealand Street, on Saturday, the 7th inst., at 8.30 for 9 p.m. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

Two of a trade never agree. Mr. Wotton charged another conveyancer this morning with getting away with a couple of flower-pots in the silent watches of the night. The prisoner said "A fco for the phrase," but Mr. Robinson said "Four months."

An extraordinary meeting of shareholders in the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation will be held at the City Hall on Thursday, the 16th January, 1890, to sanction the new clause in the Bank's Ordinance lately amended by consent of the Secretary of State.

At the audit of accounts, the other day, on the turning over of the seals of the Viceregency of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation to Li Han-chang, the sum of nine million taels in hard cash, we are credibly informed, was handed over to the new Vicerey by the Treasurer of Chang Chih-tung.

The head-measurements of 107 students at Cambridge University show a small diminution in the head capacity as individuals grow older, but that there is so small a change in the probable error that the observations are quite consistent with the hypothesis that the head remains quite stationary.

As a general result of numerous experiments, candle-power, as determined by means of the Bunsen photometer, affords no correct measurement either of "light-giving" energy, or of the luminosity of the source of light, the direction of the error always being such as to favor sources of a low degree of incandescence when compared with those of higher temperature.

The Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play at the Officers' Mess, Murray Barracks, to-morrow evening, commencing at 8.15 o'clock. The following will be the programme:

Overture, "Crown Diamond".....Auber.

Valse, "La Tosca".....Bucalossi.

Minuet, "From Mlle. de la Fosse".....La Fosse.

Selection, "Henry VIII".....Sullivan.

ABOUT the biggest seizure of fire-water ever made in Hongkong was engineered by Acting Inspector Butlin this morning. He took 28 bottles of *samsu* out of the show-case of No. 41 Queen's-road, and then collected sixty-seven cases more, each containing fifty bottles, nearly 3400 in all, each worth fifteen cents. The owner was up before Mr. Robinson afterwards, on a charge of selling liquor without a license, and got the case remanded that he might charter a liever.

We are authorised to state that the report as to a salute having been fired on the part of the Hongkong Government in honor of the Vicerey of the Two Kuangs is incorrect, his Excellency not having landed in the colony.

The firing from the shore battery was merely to mark the arrival of the vicerey's ship, and the twenty-one guns which the port was saluted by the Chinese gunboat which conveyed Chang Chih-tung from Whampoa.

Two Highlanders and a Marine were charged before Mr. Robinson this morning with getting full and making a row in the *Via Dollars* last night. One of them, a private *Scot*, was accused by a sylph with a forty-inch waist. Bloom by name of assault. He got off and the others were fined \$5 and \$3 respectively. "Ah! such a chance for a short epic comes but seldom. List!"

She said that that Scot had kicked her. But the beak said "Oh! that's all my eye, 'Twas not that this Highlander kicked her, but the Bloom who had got 'on the eye."

A CHINESE policeman got a nasty rap at the Court this morning. He sued McBreen for hanging some clothes out on a bamboo from his window at 41, Pottinger Street, and Mr. Robinson had the case before him. The details of the crime were given in the most lam-b-like manner, and then Mr. Robinson made P.C. 203's blood run cold by saying:—"This seems to me a piece of most uncalculated interference on your part. In all such cases as these I must have good proof that it is not a vexatious prosecution. The case is dismissed. I don't find any section giving me authority to deal with costs, or I would have ordered them."

THE Melbourne medical students' organ quotes for the edification of sucking sawboneses the following "excellent rules for the collection of fees":—"Always make a charge for every service; this gives it a business value in the eyes of the patient. The charge should always be just and reasonable; the deduction is necessary. Insist always on full payment, because, if necessary, on itemized accounts. When the patient asks for a reduction of his bill, recall the sacrifice of meals and of sleep in tendering him prompt service. Think of your preferences then, and his now. Never allow sentiment to interfere with business; the 'thank you' is best emphasised by the silvery accent of clinking coin. The loss of money by sickness only affects one side in every other business. Why should it be different when the doctor is to be paid? Always charge a fixed fee, and never vary your patient's generosity, or embarrass him by asking an amount that would be satisfactory to you. It is very much like finding with a kicking gun in a dark room that a black cat which isn't there. Reader bills at short intervals, and be in earnest when you begin to collect them."

A CROWDED tent and continual laughter and plaudits were the chief characteristics at Woodyard's Circus on Saturday night. The entertainment provided was thoroughly good all round, although there was scarcely any repetition of the former programme. The Valzars Brothers appeared in a new and much more varied trapeze act, and an extremely clever exhibition of wire-walking was given by the elder brother. Bobby Lee gave a show on his feet, instead of his head, as before, and tripped about on a globe with the greatest ease, his juggling being really very especially under the circumstances. Young Scudellon gained the honors of the evening, in the leaping competition. He turned himself into a bird flying. His barbed-rod riding was also first class. But the great fun was the "Two Othellos," in which that funniest of nigger-impersonators, Shorty, appeared with his friend Love. There was nothing in it, and yet the audience fairly ached with laughing. The Japs produced some new tricks, and Myrtine some fresh jokes, and the Band deserved to be assaulted. By Wednesday night a big brand-new tent, with more million yards of canvas in it than Mr. Moody has hair left on his head, will be pitched on the site of the old Grand Market, a little to the westward of the Victoria Hotel, and no more half-raising tickles rides will be now necessary to visit this highly moral and really "number one" Circus. To-night and to-morrow there will be no performances.

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before Mr. Justice Wise.)

ANOTHER BROKE BROKER CASE.

Kelly A. Sudka, a clerk to Messrs. David & Co., sued José A. Barreto, broker, for \$1,000, on a share transaction—Mr. Philippo appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Wilkinson for the defendant.

Mr. Philippo having briefly opened the case.

The plaintiff said that he sold the defendant fifty Land shares at \$140 on the 23rd August, through Samuel. In the middle of September defendant told him that he had sold them to a Portuguese who could not take them up, and therefore he (defendant) could not take them up. Witness had not been able to find defendant for some time before that, and was unable to deliver the shares.

Cross-examined—I had not got the shares at due date, but I could have got them in the market.

His lordship—Are you going to set up that this was a gambling contract, Mr. Wilkinson?

Mr. Wilkinson replied in the negative, and added that his defence was non-delivery. (To plaintiff)—Did you at any time ever tender these shares to the defendant?

Witness—(hesitating)—I did. I told him on the 3rd October that I could give him the shares, and he said "I can't take them." I had no money. I signed a deed of composition on the 23rd July last.

Oscar Brandt, "agent," said that he knew before the date on which the shares should be delivered that the plaintiff could get the shares in the market. Plaintiff had been acting on his own account, and not as agent (laughter).

Mr. Wilkinson advanced a variety of defences, submitting that there was no evidence that the shares were delivered on due date, or afterwards, either by the plaintiff or his representative. Besides, the plaintiff, by signing the deed of composition, transferred his power to deliver to the assignee, who took his place, and who ought to have delivered the scrip on the settlement day. The fact was, the plaintiff was precisely in the position that if the shares went down he gained, and if they went up he had nothing to pay with. He then called

John Barreto, the defendant, who stated that he was prepared to take the shares unless Sudka became insolvent, and that he was never asked to take the shares subsequent to that date.

Cross-examined—I buy and sell a good many shares. I did pretty well in August and September. My principals may not have done very well, but that is not my fault. My brother holds Sudka's promissory note for \$250, but I did not offer to pay part of the difference now sued for with it. I never refused to take delivery on due date, because I never had the shares tendered. I was never away from the market, as Sudka says.

Mr. Wilkinson having repeated his arguments.

Mr. Philippo, in defence, contended that the offer to deliver on the plaintiff's part was a valid tender, as he was bound by his deed of composition to do whatever he could to benefit his estate, and therefore was the assignee's representative.

His lordship did not think it was necessary to go into the legal arguments submitted for the defence. The evidence was very contradictory, but it was evident that on due date the defendant was in the market, and that the plaintiff did not make a proper tender. Judgment would therefore be for the defendant, with costs.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

(Before Acting Chief Justice Fielding Clarke.)

A CHINESE CASE.

Mr. Rody applied for the adjudication of Low Yung Hing, trader, as bankrupt. He said that the petitioner recently carried on business, in partnership with others, under the name of Fak So, and there seemed to have been considerable number of actions against the firm, which made it difficult to file a proper schedule.

His lordship—The Registrar has pointed out to me that the schedule is objectionable on account of the fact that the petitioner has not stated who are the witnesses who are to prove the debts which he says are good. That is requisite under section 32 of the Ordinance, and it is an important provision. He has not done that, and I have found that in one or two cases lately as soon as the order for adjudication is made the debtor has professed entire inability to help the trustee. In this case I will give you an opportunity to amend the schedule, but in any other case of the same kind the petition will be dismissed.

Mr. Bowles opposed the petition, pointing out that the debt of \$5,500, for which judgment had been given against the debtor recently, had been entirely omitted from the schedule.

Mr. Rody explained that by saying that there had been so many actions—fifty or sixty—that it had been overlooked.

His lordship repeated that he would give the petitioner to amend the schedule, and adjourned the matter.

CRICKET.

THE HONGKONG C. C. v. THE UNITED SERVICES.

The match, Army and Navy v. The Club was commenced on Friday afternoon, and ended on Saturday in a victory for the civilians by 28 runs on the first innings. It was a pity the game could not be fought out, as the Services played up so pluckily in their second venture that it is quite on the cards the actual result might have been reversed.

Following the toss Capt. Davidson elected to assume the defensive, and sent in Blair and Bramwell to face the attacks of Dr. Lawson and E. J. Coxon. The wicket was the reverse of lively and at the commencement the play was decidedly slow. Blair had a life in Lawson's second over, Bowles at square leg just failing to reach what ought to have been an easy catch. Runs came very slowly, both bowlers being dead on the wicket, whilst the fielding all round was exceptionally good. No separation, however, being effected, Sercombe Smith relieved Lawson with the score at 27, and E. W. Maitland went on at the other end. The latter change proved fatal to Bramwell, who placed Maitland's second ball into the safe hands of E. J. Coxon. One for 36; the retiring batsman having scored 14, which included a brace of 3's and three 4's. Hutchison was next man in, and immediately set to work his partner also hitting out vigorously. At 58 Blair failed to stop a good ball from Sercombe Smith and retired for an invaluable 37—one 4, six 3's, five 2's and singles—obtained by a very fine display of batting, which was only marred by the one chance noted above.

Davidson joined the Naval "sluggers," but succumbed to a change of bowling. Coxon, who had taken the ball from Maitland, getting him caught by Langworthy after he had tottered 5. A complete "rot" then set in; Hutchison, with the score at 73, fell to a combination of Coxon and E. Maitland, after putting up 11 in double-quick time; Campbell, with only one run more added, paid the penalty of missing a "fizzer" from the left-handers, who also dismissed Hughes for a "duck," and although Chapman got into double figures by careful play, nobody else went on at the other end. The latter change went on at the other end. The latter change proved fatal to Bramwell, who placed Maitland's second ball into the safe hands of E. J. Coxon. One for 36; the retiring batsman having scored 14, which included a brace

to be of the same good quality.—He then invited questions, and, there being none, moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. Brodie seconded, and it was adopted accordingly.

Mr. Wicking proposed the re-election of Messrs. Layton and Dalrymple as directors.

Mr. Michael seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

Mr. Brodie moved, and Mr. Danby seconded, the re-election of Messrs. Stewart and Moffat as auditors, and it was passed.

The Chairman, in conclusion, promised that any telegraphic news as to the opinion formed at home upon the sample should be circulated promptly. They had asked their representatives to send a report as to the opinion formed by the brokers, and he believed it would be satisfactory.

The first shipment would be made in February, the crop having already been carefully harvested and fermented.

The proceedings then terminated.

The E. and A. Co.'s steamship *Guthrie*, Capt. H. Craig, with Sydney dates to the 5th ulto, arrived here at midnight on Saturday. We find the subjoined telegrams in our Colonial exchanges:—

LONDON, November 10th.

Sir Robert Herbert, Under Secretary for the Colonies, has promised that he will give every assistance to the scheme of Federal Government proposed by Sir Henry Parkes.

Half of the members of Herr Peters' German Expedition for the relief of Emin Bey, have been massacred beyond Vitu, where the British subjects are complaining of the desperate rule of the Germans.

The death of the wife of Prince Alexander of Battenberg is announced.

It is rumored that the Parnellites have gained possession of documents in reference to Pignotti's forged letters, and some sensational disclosures are looked for.

The great Exhibition of Paris is now closed. Over half a million persons were present at the closing ceremony, and the attendance during the last six months has exceeded twenty-five millions.

In the recent American Elections, the Democrats have gained several seats.

The Australian system of voting has been tried in Massachusetts with great success.

The North Bridge is now almost completed. The balance sheet of the Dock Labourers' Strike Fund shows that Australia subscribed £20,000 to the relief fund, out of the total of £44,500. The balance in hand amounts to a trifle over £7,000.

The London Chamber of Commerce has decided upon the appointment of a permanent Board of Conciliation, to deal with all trade and labour questions, affecting the trade and port of London.

The Rev. J. MacLaren, of Durham, is organizing an Anglican mission to New Guinea.

November 11th.

"A body was found in November 11th. It is supposed to be the work of the Clan-na-gael."

The boxing match between Jackson, the Australian champion, and Smith, the English champion, took place at the Pelican Club yesterday. Jackson was declared to be the winner in the second round. Smith's backers objected, and this caused a tremendous uproar. The driving was so to 40 on Jackson. Smith was driven on the ropes helpless; and on Jackson allowing him to rise, Smith fouled and the fight was awarded to Jackson.

November 11th.

Bartlett, who was shot by Andrew in a quarrel over accounts, is in a critical state, and is not expected to recover.

Judge Manning has been appointed Chief Judge in Bankruptcy.

The "Sea Nymph" has been wrecked on the Coast of New Caledonia.

Referring to the proposed Federal Parliament, Sir Henry Parkes states that the question of adjusting a dissimulating intercolonial tariff, would probably remain an open question with the Federal Parliament for years to come.

Mrs. Bates, who is undergoing her trial for several cases of baby-farming, has been acquitted on the first charge.

November 14th.

Bartlett, who was shot by Andrew in a quarrel over accounts, has since died from the injuries received, and Andrew has been committed for trial on the charge of murder.

LONDON, November 13th.

At a banquet at Guildhall, Lord Salisbury announced that it was his intention to continue his policy of coercion in Ireland.

It is the unanimous opinion of European statesmen that the prospects of peace in Europe were never better, and that peace is assured for a long time to come.

A raid was made on a West End gambling club, and a great scandal was caused. Ninety-eight members were implicated, and ninety-one warrants were issued against other offenders, but it is stated powerful influence was brought to bear, and the affair was hushed up. The list of those implicated includes the heir and also the younger son of a Duke, a Peer of the Realm, a prominent Hebrew financier, and a host of Honorables, clergymen, and army officers, most of whom have taken hurried trips to the Continent.

The Mahdi's supporters are again endeavouring to overthrow the Egyptian power in the Sudan.

The London Dock labourers have cabled the sum of one thousand pounds for the assistance of the miners now on strike in the Broken Hill district.

Jackson, the Australian, boxed Smith for a thousand pounds a side; at the end of the second round Smith was disqualified for throwing Jackson, and had to forfeit the stakes.

Prince Victor is touring in India, and has been splendidly received.

The reported massacre of Herr Peters' relief expedition in Emin Bey, is now contradicted.

It is rumored that General Boulanger and Count Dillon will be permitted to return to Paris, and claim their seats in the Chamber of Deputies.

Sir Charles Dilke has been asked to stand for Fulham, but has declined to enter Parliament on the ground that his time is too much taken up with literary work.

The strikes are still causing delay to vessels loading for Australia.

The Dock Companies have now imposed a charge of one and sixpence per ton upon all lighters entering the Docks, and the master of a shipmen declare that the imposition will pretty ruin them.

Today's Advertisements.

WOODYEAR'S ROYAL AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS.

NO SHOW TO-NIGHT. NO SHOW

Mr. WOODYEAR has much pleasure in announcing to the Public of Hongkong that, through the kind permission of the Government he has secured the site of the

OLD CENTRAL MARKET,

for the purpose of Erecting thereon the Tents of his Circus, and will Re-open his Season on

WEDNESDAY,

the 4th December, 1889.

Full particulars will appear in To-morrow's issue.

ROBERT LOVE,

Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1500]

STEAM TO MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Steamship

"NANZING,"

Captain Thomson, will be despatched as above, TO-MORROW, the 3rd instant, at 11 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Agents, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1490]

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"YANGTSE,"

Captain C. W. Tonningsen, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-MORROW, the 3rd inst., at 4 P.M., instead of as previously notified.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.,

Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1488]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & TAIWANFOO.

THE Company's Steamship

"THALES,"

Captain Hunter, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 5th December, at DAYLIGHT.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LAFFRAIK & Co.,

General Managers, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1505]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR AMOY AND FOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"NAMO,"

Captain Pocock, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 5th December, at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LAFFRAIK & Co.,

General Managers, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1504]

FOR KOBE.

THE Steamship

"ZAMBESI,"

Captain Parsons, will be despatched for the above Port, on or about the 9th inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agents, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1501]

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, TRIESTE AND VENICE.

(Taking Cargo at through rates to CALCUTTA, MADRAS, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, and ADRIATIC PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship

"ELEKTRA,"

Captain A. Lussich, will be despatched as above, on the 10th instant, at DAYLIGHT.

Cargo will not be received on board after 5 P.M. prior to date of sailing.

Cargo destined for Port beyond Bombay by this opportunity will be transhipped there in one of the Company's steamers.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

Agents, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1506]

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd inst. to the 1st day of January, 1890, both days inclusive.

F. W. CROSS,

Manager, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1508]

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS, (REGISTERED).

AN ANTISEPTIC PAINT for the Preservation of Wood, Walls, Ropes and Ship's Tackle. May be applied to: Beams, Floors, Windows, Wooden Sheds, Farmer's and Gardeners' Implements, Gates, Posts, Fences, Stables, Gates, Bridges, Boats, and all Timber underground.

Effectually excludes all dampness from walls painted with it and entirely prevents the crumbling away and decay of both stone and bricks.

White ants do not touch wood painted with Carbolineum Avenarius.

Used during the last 14 years with the utmost success, as proved by numerous Testimonials of living authorities.

Sold in casks of about 450 lbs. net. Price 8 cents per lb.

For further particulars, apply to

SCHEELE & Co.,

Sole Agents, No. 16, Stanley Street, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1510]

ST. JOHN LODGE

OF HONGKONG,

No. 618, S.C.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASON'S HALL, Zealand Street, on SATURDAY NEXT, the 7th instant, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1511]

THE Steamship

"MONMOUTHSHIRE,"

Captain Cumling, will be despatched for the above Ports, on the 21st December.

This Steamer has superior Passenger Accommodation.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agents, Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889. [1512]

THE HALL & HOLTZ CO., LIMITED.

HIGH CLASS CABINET MAKERS, UPHOLSTERERS, CARPET FACTORS, GENERAL HOUSE, and OFFICE FURNISHERS and DECORATORS, PICTURE-FRAME MAKERS, POLISHERS, GILDERS, and SIGN WRITERS.

FURNITURE RE-UPHOLSTERED, &c., BEDDING RE-MADE OR ALTERED,

only the best workmen employed and all Materials are absolutely guaranteed. Cornices to match

Furniture in any style or color, Carving, &c., done on the premises, Furniture and Floor, Stained

Varnished and Polished equal to new.

NOTE.—Our Second Shipment to hand of NEW CURTAIN and DRAPERY MATERIALS

and TRIMMINGS, CARPET in ART COLORS, DINNER SERVICES, GLASS WARE,

FIRE BRASSES, FENDERS, and DOGS, BASSINETTES, &c., &c.

NOVELTIES in PLUSH and SATIN CUSHIONS, POUFFE STOOLS, FANCY

TABLES, ART MUSLINS, &c., for CHRISTMAS DECORATION and PRESENTS.

Hongkong, 30th November, 1889. [1212]

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY MEETING will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of January, 1890, at Twelve o'clock Noon, when in accordance with the requirements of Article 66 of the Deed of Settlement of the Corporation the Shareholders will be requested to authorize the Directors to accept an Ordinance passed by the Governor in Council of Hongkong amending the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Ordinance No. 5 of 1866 as follows:—

An Ordinance to amend The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Ordinance.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Ordinance: Be it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. In the interpretation of this Ordinance the expression *principal Ordinance* shall mean The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Ordinance (No. 5 of 1866).

2. The proviso contained in Section 4 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby repealed, and the said Section shall be read as if the proviso therein contained had been inserted therein in lieu of the proviso hereby repealed, that is to say: "Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to restrict the said Company with the consent of the Commissioners for the time being for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer (and the hands of the said Lord Commissioners or any two of them) from establishing any Branch Banks or any Agencies for Exchange Deposit and Remittance, at any place out of the Colony in conformity with the law of such place."

3. This Ordinance shall not take effect unless and until it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Governor that the Court of Directors of the said Company has been duly authorized, under the provisions of Article 66 of the Deed of Settlement of the Company, to accept the same; such satisfaction to be evidenced by a Notification or Proclamation under the hand of the Governor, to be published in the Hongkong Government Gazette.

By Order of the Court of Directors, G. E. NOBLE, Chief Manager. [1503]

Hongkong, 2nd December, 1889.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE, MEXICAN DOLLARS, current in this Colony and weighing 7.17, in Exchange for STERLING BILLS drawn at 10 days sight or on Demand, on the LORDS COMMISSIONERS OF HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY, LONDON, will be received by the CHIEF PAYMASTER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, until 11 A.M., TO-MORROW, the 3rd instant.

The Tenders to state the total amount required (in Pounds Sterling), and the amount for which each Bill should be drawn, but no Bills will be issued for sums less than £100.

The Tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved.

C. H. CHAUNCEY, Colonel, Chief Paymaster, China.

HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY OFFICE, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 2nd November, 1889. [1507]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR LONDON, HAMBURG AND ANTWERP.

THE Steamship

"MONMOUTHSHIRE,"

Captain Cumling, will be despatched for the above Ports, on the 21st December.

This Steamer has superior Passenger Accommodation.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

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FOR LONDON, HAMBURG AND ANTWERP.

THE Steamship

"MONMOUTHSHIRE,"

Intimations.

"IMPORTANT NOTICE."

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

Commercial.

TO-DAY.

Shares business continues quiet, but the tone of the market to-day has been decidedly firmer than for some time past. Various stocks have been inquired after and some few transactions booked. Banks are fairly firm at 184 per cent. premium, offers to buy at that rate failing to bring sellers to the front. The China and Manila Co.'s scrip has changed hands at 100, and additional shares could be placed at that quotation. China Sugars are a trifle weaker, shares offering at 204. Panjoms are in demand at 191 to 20, but there are few (if any) sellers in the market. Sales of the Wharf and Godown Co.'s scrip at 100 have been booked, and there are further buyers. Land Investments have been purchased for cash at 100, and shares are wanted for the end of the month at 101. We heard of some small sales of Selamas at 4, but no shares are now obtainable at that price. Nothing else has come under our notice.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—184 per cent. premium, buyers.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—103 per share, buyers.
China Traders Insurance Company—87 per share, buyers.
North China Insurance—115 per share, buyers.
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—130 per share.
Yangtze Insurance Association—115 per share.
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—115 per share.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—382 per share, sellers.
China Fire Insurance Company—85 per share, buyers.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—60 per cent. premium, sellers.
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—411 per share, sellers.
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—100 per share, sales and buyers.
Hongkong Gas Company—513 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Hotel Company—210 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—201.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—15 per cent. dis., buyers.
Douglas Steamship Company—67 per share, sellers.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—204 per share, sellers.
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—68 per share, buyers.
Hongkong Ice Company—108 per share, buyers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—80 per share.
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—84 per share, sellers.
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—23 per share, sellers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—21 per cent. premium, sellers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—15 per cent. premium, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E—11 per cent. premium.

Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—800 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.—25 per share.
Punjun and Sangha Doo Samantan Mining Co.—19 per share, buyers.
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—91 per share, sales and buyers.
Tonquin Coal Mining Co.—475 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—200 per cent. prem., sellers.
The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—61 per share, sellers.
The Songel Koyah Planting Co., Ltd.—61 per share, buyers.
Cruckshank & Co., Ltd.—40 per share, nom.

The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Co., Ltd.—nominal.
The China Borneo Co., Ltd.—40 per share, buyers.
The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Ltd.—18 per share, sellers.
The Green Island Cement Co. (Old issue)—43 per share, buyers.
The Green Island Cement Co. (New issue)—65 per share, buyers.
The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ltd.—100 per share, sales and buyers.
The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ltd.—4 per share, buyers.
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—30 per share, buyers.

The West Point Buildings Co., Ltd.—45 per share, sellers.
The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Ltd.—24 per share, sellers.
The Labuk Planting Co., Ltd.—17 per share, buyers.
The Jebleu Mining and Trading Co., Ltd.—55 per share, sellers.
The Selama Tin Mining Co., Ltd.—4 per share, sales and buyers.
The Shanahan Hotel Co., Ltd.—5 per share, nominal.
The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Ltd.—16 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Marine, Limited—25 per cent. premium, buyers.

EXCHANGE.
ON LONDON.—Bank, T. T. 3/21
Bank Bills, on demand 3/21
Bank Bills, at 30 days sight 3/21
Bank Bills, at 4 months sight 3/31
Credits at 4 months sight 3/31
ON SHANGHAI.—Bank, T. T. 72
Private, 30 days sight 73

ARRIVAL.
NAMCHOW, British steamer, 1,155, C. A. Colonna, 30th Nov.—Singapore 20th Nov., General—Captain.
MERLIN, British gunboat, 2nd-class, 430 tons, 430 horse-power, 4 guns, Lieut. Comdr. C. H. Yonge, 30th November.—Shanghai 25th November.
MARIE, German steamer, 704, C. A. Hundewald, 30th Nov.—Haiphong 25th Nov., General—A. B. Marx.
INDRENDY, German steamer, 874, W. J. Schaefer, 30th Nov.—Whampoa 30th Nov., General—Geo. R. Stevens & Co.
GRAT ADMIRAL, American ship, 1,497, J. F. Rowell, 30th Nov.—San Francisco 8th Oct.—Flour—Melchers & Co.

The British cruiser *Imperial* reports that she left Port Hamilton on the 25th ultimo. Had cloudy weather and strong north-easterly breeze. The British steamship *Hangchow* reports that she left Newchwang and Chefoo, on the 21st ultimo. Had fresh monsoon and fair weather from port to port.
The British steamship *Nanshan* reports that she left Singapore on the 14th ultimo, and Bangkok on the 20th. Had strong north-east monsoon throughout. Strong sea with cloudy and damp weather approaching Hongkong.
The American ship *Great Admiral* reports that she left San Francisco on the 8th October. Had fine weather to Barbadoes Channel. Fresh north-north-east gale in the Channel, with light confused sea and stiff monsoon to Pedro Blanco; thence to port had light wind with thick rainy weather.
The British steamship *Guthrie* reports that she left Sydney on the 5th ultimo, calling at Keppel Bay on the 8th, Townsville on the 11th, Cooktown on the 12th; arrived at Thursday Island on the 14th, and left again on the 16th; arrived at Port Darwin on the 19th, and sailed again at 10 p.m. on the 20th; arrived outside Lyons on the 21st at midnight on the 20th, and came up to Coles Bay at 7.30 a.m. on the 1st instant. Experienced light wind and fine weather along Australian coast to Port Darwin. Fresh north-west wind and rain from there to Lambongan; thence to port had moderate north-east monsoon.

The German steamship *Talies* reports that she left Saigon on the 27th ultimo. Had moderate north-east monsoon until the Paracels; from there to port had strong northerly wind with heavy sea and rain.
The British steamship *Namchow* reports that she left Singapore on the 20th ultimo. Had light north-east winds and fine clear weather, which continued to Paracels; thence to Hongkong had fresh gale and high confused sea. On the 27th, passed a German barque showing R.F.J.K., standing south-west, all well, which wished to be reported.
The British gunboat *Merlin* reports that she left Shanghai on the 25th ultimo. Had heavy gale from north on the night of the 25th and 26th ultimo. The remainder of the passage had strong south-east monsoon. At 11 a.m. on the 27th ultimo passed a French mail steamer from Hongkong to Shanghai, off Steep Island. On the 29th, passed the steamship *Tamara* off Ockee Island, with rudder damaged but wanting no assistance.
The British steamship *Namoa* reports that she left Foochow on the 28th ultimo. Experienced fresh north-east winds to Amoy. Left Amoy on the 29th, and Swatow on the 30th. From Amoy to Swatow had strong north-east winds and cloudy weather, and from Swatow to port had strong north to north-west winds with thick rainy weather. In Foochow, the steamships *Taku* and *Ulysses*. In Amoy, the steamships *Ulysses*, *Ulysses*, and *Ulysses*. In Swatow, the steamships *Ulysses*, *Ulysses*, and *Ulysses*. In Hongzhou, *Phra Chula Chom Kiao*, and *Yi-sang*.

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.

ACTIVA, German steamer, 389, W. Wulff, 29th Nov.—Cebu 24th November, General—Wiel & Co.

ANCONA, British steamer, 1,888, W. D. Mudie, 18th Nov.—Yokohama 10th Nov., Mails and General—P. & O. S. N. Co.

ARDAV, British steamer, 1,076, J. Thoms, 28th Oct.—Touzon 24th October, Ballast—A. G. Morris.

BISAGNO, Italian steamer, 1,499, V. C. Federico, 29th Nov.—Bombay 8th Nov., and Singapore 21st, General—Carlowitz & Co.

CHANGSHA, British steamer, 1,465, J. E. Williams, 25th Nov.—Newcastle 6th Nov., Coals—Butterfield & Swire.

CITY OF PEKING, American steamer, 5,129, J. M. Gentry, 27th Nov.—San Francisco 29th Oct., and Yokohama 10th Nov., Mails and General—P. M. S. S. Co.

FALKENBURG, German steamer, 989, Kennewig, 28th Nov.—Chefoo 22nd Nov., General—Melchers & Co.

GOALPARA, British steamer, 1,355, E. C. Russell, 26th Nov.—Sourabaya 6th Nov., Pecalangan 8th, Tegal 10th, Cheribon 12th, Batavia 14th, Billiton 16th, and Singapore 18th, Sugar—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

HAIOONG, British steamer, 783, F. Goddard, 29th Nov.—Taiwan 25th Nov., Amoy 26th, and Swatow 26th, General—D. La Prall & Co.

JOHANN, German steamer, 428, H. Binge, 28th Nov.—Haiphong 24th Nov., and Hoilow 26th, General—Wiel & Co.

KIEL, German steamer, 851, W. Krutzfeldt, 30th Nov.—Whampoa 30th Nov., General—Geo. R. Stevens & Co.

LIVINGSTONE, Norwegian steamer, 1,086, W. Wenner, 24th Nov.—Cheribon (Java) 31st Oct., Sugar—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

LOIRE INFÉRIEURE, French steamer, 533, Lehndee, 23rd Oct.—Hollo 17th October, Sapanwood—A. R. Marty.

MONSIEUR, British yacht, 118, W. W. Jurd, 27th Nov.—Nagasaki via Amoy, 18th Nov., Ballast—Captain.

NANZING, British steamer, 808, B. Thomson, 30th Nov.—Manila 25th Nov., General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

PHU QUOC, French steamer, 183, Vallin, 28th Sept.—Touzon 20th Sept., Coals—Wing Tai & Co.

PICCOLI, German steamer, 876, Th. Nissen, 29th Nov.—Singapore 18th Nov., and Hoilow 27th, General—Melchers & Co.

TELEMACUS, British steamer, 1,380, Henry Jones, 29th Nov.—Kobe 23rd Nov., General—Butterfield & Swire.

THALES, British steamer, 820, W. Y. Hunter, 15th Nov.—Taiwan 10th Nov., Amoy 13th, and Swatow 14th, General—D. La Prall & Co.

WENCHOW, British steamer, 560, Robert A. Bines, 29th Nov.—Newchwang 22nd Nov., and Chefoo 23rd, Beans—Butterfield & Swire.

WHAMPOA, British steamer, 1,100, L. Hughes, 29th Oct.—Wellington, N.Z., 20th Sept., General—Butterfield & Swire.

YANTZSE, German steamer, 814, C. Tonningsen, 30th Nov.—Whampoa 30th Nov., General—Siemssen & Co.

RATILLO VESSELS.
BENGAL, French bark, 444, Scott, 13th Nov.—Singapore 24th October, Wood—Melchers & Co.

B. P. CHERRY, American ship, 1,259, C. E. Humphreys, 6th Nov.—Newcastle 10th Sept., Coal—Butterfield & Swire.

CHARGER, American ship, 1,379, D. S. Goodell, 28th June.—San Diego, Cal., 18th April, Ballast—Russell & Co.

COLUMBUS, German ship, 1,428, L. Haeslop, 22nd Oct.—Newcastle, N.S.W., 29th Aug., Coal—Adamson, Bell & Co.

CONQUOR, American ship, 1,540, A. D. Lohrop, 17th June.—Anjer 18 June, Ballast—Reuter, Brockelmann & Co.

DARBY, British bark, 999, Edward Finlayson, 5th Nov.—Singapore 13th Oct., Timber—Chinese.

ELIZABETH, German bark, 447, J. C. Frost, 10th Nov.—Whampoa 18th Nov., General—Order.

CUMPRIN, British ship, 1,052, A. Waycott, 22nd Nov.—Middlesbrough and Iron and Coke—Dunn, Melby & Co.

KITTY, British bark, 802, H. Wilson, 30th Aug.—Portland, Oregon 9th July, Lumber—D. Musso & Co.

MADER, American bark, 750, Snow, 19th Sept.—Newcastle, N.S.W., 11th July, Coal—Adamson, Bell & Co.

MARADON, British ship, 1,498, Ferguson, 5th Oct.—Newcastle 20th August, Coals—Adamson, Bell & Co.

NICOVA, British bark, 594, P. Johnson, 23rd Nov.—Whampoa 22nd Nov., General—Wiel & Co.

N. M. SLADE, American bark, 535, J. C. Texeira, 1st October.—Cebu 24th Sept., Sugar and Hemp—Captain.

PENNY, British bark, 730, Inokay, 12th Oct.—Philippines and Oct. Wood—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

S. MEXCEDES, Peruvian bark, 245, A. Munizaga, 20th Nov.—Callao 10th August, Old Iron—Order.

STRATHKERN, British ship, 1,705, J. Robb, 27th Oct.—Cardiff 5th July, Coals and Coke—Order.

WM. CONNER, American ship, 1,423, Butman, 24th Sept.—Newcastle 9th August, Coal—Butterfield & Swire.

WANDERER, American bark, 1,650, D. C. Nichol, 30th Sept.—Newcastle, N.S.W., 1st Oct., Coal—Butterfield & Swire.

WM. LE LACHUR, British bark, 173, Warner, 17th Nov.—Whampoa 26th Nov., Ballast—Wiel & Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION. VESSELS. AGENTS. DATE OF LEAVING.

London, via Suez Canal, Kaiser-i-Hind, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 4th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Arabic, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Ulysses, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Telemachus, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Opack, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Montmouthshire, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Djemnah, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

London, via Suez Canal, Bremen, P. & O. S. N. Co., Dec. 10th, at noon.

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Syrup of Figs

NATURES PLEASANT LAXATIVE

A Pleasing Sense of Health and Strength Renewed, and of Ease and Comfort

Follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts gently on the

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

Effectually Cleansing the System when Costive or Bilious, Dispelling Colds, Headaches and Fevers and permanently curing

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without weakening or irritating the organs on which it acts.

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